



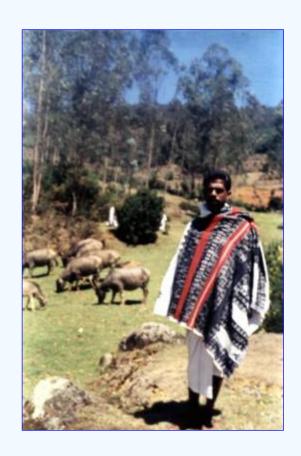
# Processes to Strengthen Livestock Keepers and their Rights in India

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Side-Event during CGRFA 12<sup>th</sup> Session 19-23 October 2009, FAO, Rome

#### **Indian Pastoralists**

Raikas in Rajasthan – Camels
Rabaris in Gujarat – Gir, Kankrej cattle
Van Gujars in Himalayas – Buffalo
Gaddis in Shiwalik Hills – Sheep / goat
Ladak Pastoralists - Yak
Dhangar Gowli in Karnataka – cattle
Konar & Others in Tamil Nadu –
Malaimadu / Pulikulam Cattle
Todas of Nilgiris – Toda Buffalo



# Maintaining Animals – Dharma (A Sacred Duty Prescribed) for Certain Communities

- Raikas Caste was Created by Lord Shiva to look after Camels
- Yadhavas, Gujjars –
  Descendants of Lord Krishna
  to care Cattle
- Todas Day-to-day Rituals are Associated with Buffaloes in the life of Toda tribes in Nilgris



• Lingayats – Will give one-day rest in a week for animals and animals not milked or engaged in any work on that day

#### **How Pastoralists Benefit Society**

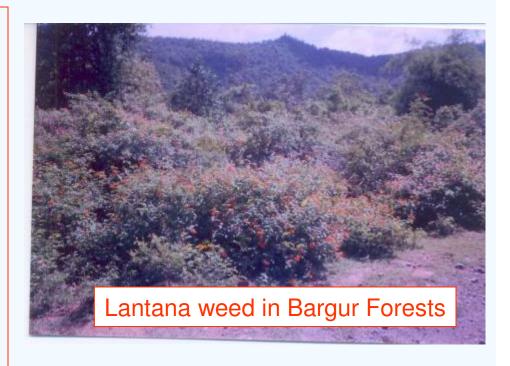




- *In-situ* conservation of livestock breeds
- Protector of forests ,environment and wild life
- Providers of manure for soil health, and pollution-free draught power suitable for organic farming
- Pastoralism as a strategy to provide food security and overcome poverty in dry lands

#### **Problems Faced by Pastoralists**

- Grazing Permit is Denied in Traditional Grazing Sites due to Joint Forest Management Program / Sanctuaries / National Parks
- Original Pasture Lands Converted into Plantations (Eucalyptus, Jatropha)
- Exclusion of Pastoralists in Govt. Policies such as Forestry, Breeding Policy



- Encroachment of Common Property Resources with *Lantana*, *Prosopis* etc.
- Availability of labour is becoming rare.
- Younger generation is not interested due to lack of value based education.

#### LIFE Network

Growing Network of NGOs, pastoralists group / association and volunteers
Incl. SEVA, ANTHRA, LPPS, Sahjeevan, MARAG, Samaja Samrudha, Orissa Honeybee Network, Kangayam Research Foundation, Rahat, KRAPAVIS, and others.



#### LIFE Network India Activities (1)

#### **Since 2000:**

- Promoted pastoralist and breeders' associations at the community level
- Documentation of local breeds
- National level and regional multistakeholder workshops on grazing policies and conservation of local breeds



#### LIFE Network India Activities (2)

- Submission of memoranda to various government departments towards favorable policies for livestock keepers
- International activities to lobby for Livestock Keepers' Rights and make the voices of livestock keepers heard during intergovernmental meetings (FAO, CBD, etc.)



## Community Prayer for Restoring Grazing Rights





Chanted Bajans in 24 Places of our Country on 15 November 2005; 1250 Pastoralists Participated

#### **Achievements (1)**

- Restrictions for selling camel milk has been removed through the Supreme Court of India.
- The Scheduled Tribes and Other Forest Dwellers Forest Rights Act 2006 has been notified by Government. The Act provides grazing rights for traditional pastoralists.
- In November 2007, Parliament approved a National Policy for Farmers which calls for the pastoralists role in breed conservation and their grazing rights

#### **Achievements (2)**

- National Bio-Diversity Authority collaborates with the LIFE Network in the documentation of local breeds and recognizing the breed's keepers (pastoralists and farmers) through awards.
- NGO (SEVA) has been included in the National Steering Committee on the conservation of threatened breeds.
- Government of Tamil Nadu issued a circular on grazing policy in favor of animal grazing in forests.

Consultation on a
Code of Conduct for
Supporting
Pastoralists/Livestock
Keepers for In-situ
Conservation of Local
Livestock Breeds



More than 70 participants: pastoralists, NGOs, scientists, and government officials



- Meeting with government officials (Planning Commission)
- 2. Discussion of
  Livestock Keepers'
  Rights and Code of
  Conduct
- 3. Presentation of awards to community-based breeders and breed associations



Participants
discussed and
adopted the
Livestock Keepers'
Rights Declaration
and the Code of
Conduct



Presentation of Raika Biocultural Protocol to Chairman of the National Biodiversity Authority



#### Criteria for Recognizing Awards to Pastoralists, Communities, Organizations Conserving Local Livestock Breeds

S. No	Category	Kind of Recognition		Inclusion	Facilitation for
		Material Reward	Non- material Reward	in Website	Characterization of Breed, registration / value addition
1	Individual Pastoralist family/Herder/ (Full time livestock keeper ,landless or marginal farmer)	Cash Award	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	Professional Breeder with part time livestock keeping (Hobby purpose, Big farmer, Royal family)	No Award	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	Pastoral / Agro Pastoral Communities in a specific Geographical area	Cash Award	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	Informal breeders group / breeders association, Goshalas,NGOs	No Award	Yes	Yes	No

The above criteria has been evolved during the LIFE Network meeting at NBAGR, Karnal on 2nd September 2008.

Profiles of 24 breed conserving livestock keepers and associations were released.



# Delhi consultation: Recognition of Pastoralists for in-situ Conservation of Breeds

Cash Awards and Certificates were distributed to 24 Aawardees at national level award function in collaboration with **National Bio-Diversity Authority and National Bureau on Animal** Genetic Resources,





## Thank You!